



www.zibone.com



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ZiBone Surgical Manual

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I. Introduction

ZiBone Causes No Metallic Allergy

Studies show that the titanium may result in hypersensitivity in some patients. Zirconia is a high strength ceramic material which is biocompatible and will eliminate the hypersensitivity on metal. ZiBone implants and surgical instruments are made of zirconia to offer a metal-free treatment to patients.

ZiBone Meets Esthetic Requirement

ZiBone ceramic implants provide a superior esthetics result than the titanium implants. Unlike the greyish appearance on the titanium implants showing apical to the restorations, especially at the junction of restoration and implant, ZiBone ceramic implants show a harmony of shade matching of restoration in the esthetics-demanding zone.



Same day immediate temporization

ZiBone One-Piece Design Simplifies Clinical Procedure

ZiBone ceramic implants are one-piece design. There is no need for the second stage surgery. Micromovements or gaps between implant and abutment are eliminated to minimize the bone loss. The restoration procedure will be similar to the traditional procedures without addition cost for the abutment.

ZiBone Enhances Long-Term Clinical Success

Osseointegration on zirconia implants is comparable to that in titanium implants. Zirconia surfaces show less plaque accumulation; therefore, reduce the risk of peri-implantitis. Without the junction of the abutment, the ZiBone ceramic implants can easily maintain the bone level. Long-term clinical data show the reliable outcomes of zirconia implants.



Excellent esthetics without metal colour







High Bone-Implant Contact

Studies have shown that zirconia integrates with bone tissue similar to titanium. Early loading is possible due to its one-piece design when bone conditions allow.









Superior Mechanical Properties

ZiBone has been tested to verify its performance under different mechanical conditions. The results show that ZiBone has mechanical properties superior to titanium and aluminum oxide. It means that ZiBone performs well in clinical situations.



5 million cycles fatigue testing



With ISO13356 standard, made with high purity of zirconia oxide.



| 1 | Density | ≧ 6.00g/cm3 |
|---|---|----------------------------|
| 2 | 4-point bending flexural strength | ≧ 800MPa |
| 3 | Fatigue strength (5,000,000 cycles) | ≧ 320MPa |
| 4 | 4-point bending flexural strength after aging treatment | ≧ 800MPa |
| 5 | Radioactivity | 0.0043 Bq/g |
| 6 | Highly Biocompatible | Satisfied ISO7405 standard |

II. Dimensions of Products





Zibone 3.6 Implant

Zibone 4.0 Implant





Zibone 5.0 Implant

| Model Name | Tip Depth |
|------------|-----------|
| Zr-D2316 | 0.8 mm |
| Zr-D2816 | 0.9 mm |
| Zr-D3416 | 1.0 mm |
| Zr-D3816 | 1.1 mm |
| Zr-D4316 | 1.3 mm |



III. Surgical Kit

Surgical Kit





| е | Spec.(mm) | Article No. |
|-------|-----------|--------------|
| Kit | | |
| ench | | |
| ontor | L 4.5 | |
| aptor | L 10.5 | |
| ivor | L 22 | |
| IVEI | L 25 | |
| | D 2.0 | |
| | D 2.3 | |
| | D 2.8 | ZBK-Standard |
| | D 3.4 | |
| | D 3.8 | |
| | D 4.3 | |
| sion | | |
| | D 2.3 | |
| | D 2.8 | |
| ige | D 3.4 | |
| | D 3.8 | |
| (| | ZBK-Empty |



IV. Product Spec Sheet

| Image | Thread(mm) | Final Drill(mm) | Artical No. |
|--------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Zr-136xx 4.7 | 8.0 | D 2.8 | Zr-13608 |
| • | 10.0 | D 2.8 | Zr-I3610 |
| | 11.5 | D 2.8 | Zr-13611 |
| Length | 13.0 | D 2.8 | Zr-13613 |
| Ø3.6 | 14.5 | D 2.8 | Zr-13614 |
| Zr-140xx 4.9 | 8.0 | D 3.4 | Zr-14008 |
| • | 10.0 | D 3.4 | Zr-14010 |
| | 11.5 | D 3.4 | Zr-14011 |
| Length | 13.0 | D 3.4 | Zr-14013 |
| Ø4.0 | 14.5 | D 3.4 | Zr-14014 |
| Zr-150xx | 8.0 | D 4.3 | Zr-15008 |
| - | 10.0 | D 4.3 | Zr-15010 |
| Insertion | 11.5 | D 4.3 | Zr-15011 |
| Length | 13.0 | D 4.3 | Zr-15013 |
| Ø5.0 | 14.5 | D 4.3 | Zr-15014 |

| Image | Article | Spec.(mm) | Artical No. |
|----------------|--|-----------|-------------|
| # TROUM | Pilot Drill | | Zr-P2017 |
| 2 | Twist Drill (6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16) | D 2.3 | Zr-D2316 |
| | | D 2.8 | Zr-D2816 |
| ÷. | | D 3.4 | Zr-D3416 |
| 7 | | D 3.8 | Zr-D3816 |
| 0 | | D 4.3 | Zr-D4316 |
| 17 | | D 2.3 | Zr-D2314 |
| | | D 2.8 | Zr-D2814 |
| <u>.</u> | Twist Drill (8, 10, 11.5, 13, 14.5) | D 3.4 | Zr-D3414 |
| | | D 3.8 | Zr-D3814 |
| | | D 4.3 | Zr-D4314 |
| | Depth Gauge/ Parallel Pin | D 2.3 | Zr-G2316 |
| 16 14 12 | | D 2.8 | Zr-G2816 |
| 10 8 6 | | D 3.4 | Zr-G3416 |
| | | D 4.3 | Zr-G4316 |
| I I I | Cortical Bone Drill | D 3.6 | Zr-C36 |
| 444 | | D 4.0 | Zr-C40 |
| A A A | | D 5.0 | Zr-C50 |
| X | Tissue Punch | D 3.5 | TP-35 |
| | | D 4.0 | TP-40 |
| | | D 4.5 | TP-45 |
| | | D 5.0 | TP-50 |
| | | D 5.5 | TP-55 |



IV. Product Spec Sheet



| Image | Article | Spec. | Artical No. |
|------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5.5 8.5 | Soft Tissue Trimmer, | L 5.5mm | Zr-V2055 |
| SZIBORE | Point End | L 8.5mm | Zr-V2085 |
| 8 ZIBUNE | Soft Tissue Trimmer, Round End | L 4.5mm | Zr-V2045 |
| 8mm | Blade | 8mm Handle | CST-H04 |
| 10mm | Handle | 10mm Handle | CST-H06 |
| | | 11 | CST-B11 |
| | Zirconia Blade | 12 | CST-B12 |
| | | 12D | CST-B12D |
| | | 15 | CST-B15 |
| | | 15C | CST-B15C |
| | | 23 | CST-B23 |
| | | 63 | CST-B63 |
| | | 65 | CST-B65 |
| | | 69 | CST-B69 |
| | Scaler | 5mm | CST-S05 |
| | | 10mm | CST-S10 |

| Image | Article | Spec. | Artical No. |
|-------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Impression Cap | Universal | Pk-I5075 |
| | | 3.6 Implant | IP-3604 |
| | | 4.0 Implant | IP-4004 |
| | | 5.0 Implant | IP-5004 |
| | | 3.6 Implant | ME-M3640 |
| | Analog | 4.0 Implant | ME-M4049 |
| | | 5.0 Implant | ME-M5060 |
| | Scan Body | 3.6 Implant | SC-3610 |
| | | 4.0 Implant | SC-4010 |
| | | 5.0 Implant | SC-5010 |
| | Temporary Coping | 3.6 Implant | TM-3605 |
| 3 4 5 | | 4.0 Implant | TM-4005 |
| | | 5.0 Implant | TM-5005 |
| | Spacer | 3.6 Implant | SP-3610 |
| | | 4.0 Implant | SP-4010 |
| | | 5.0 Implant | SP-5010 |



IV. Product Spec Sheet



| Image | Article | Spec.(mm) | Artical No. |
|-------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Torque Wrench | | ME-TRC50 |
| | Implant Adaptor | L 4.5 | ME-A4815 |
| | | L 10.5 | ME-A4821 |
| DIE | Implant Driver | L 22 | ME-D4822 |
| | | L25 | Me-D4825 |
| | Drill Extension | | Me-L1833 |

VI. Drilling Guide





Ø3.6 and Ø4.0 ZiBone ceramic implants present a unique collar design above the thread. This 2.5 collar could be used into the bone for osseointegration or for the soft tissue height. A clinician should evaluate the soft tissue thickness and remaining ridge height for the selection of implants.



Implant Ø3.6



Implant Ø4.0





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E Pilot Drill Twist Drill 3.8



ZiBone Surgical Manual Implant Ø5.0





VII. Procedure ZIBONE

ZiBone ceramic implant is delivered with instruction and product sticker. The implant is placed in a sterilized bag. Don't use if there is any damage on the package.

FDA

CE

RADONE 2



ZiBone implant is in a container with a carrier for initial insertion to the prepared socket.



the implant could be inserted manually with torque wrench (Fig 5 and 6), or with an implant driver by machine. The triangular mark on the implant adaptor and implant driver should be the same orientation to the flat surface on the abutment.

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Place the implant into the prepared socket and remove the plastic carrier.

osseointegration. A radiograph and thorough clinical evaluation are needed to confirm the osseointegration before the definitive restoration procedures.



Impression Technique for Zibone Implants



Zibone abutment has a unique flat surface design for anti-rotation of prosthesis and can be used as an orientation reference when making the definitive impression. A preliminary impression with alginate could be used as a verification cast.



After the appropriate healing time, remove the healing cap and remove any debris from the surface of the abutment. Do not use the metal instrument to clean the surface because it will create the greyish scratch marks on the implant. Exam the stability and osseointegration before making the impression.



Make sure the surface is clean and ready for the impression procedure. Do not use metal instrument to clean the surface because it will create greyish marks on the surface.



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The plastic impression cap is for single use only. Avoid repeatedly inserting and removing from the abutment as it will cause damage on the impression cap. It is one size for all 3 different diameters Zibone implants. Be careful to keep the flat surface on the impression cap to face the flat surface on the abutment. Insert the impression cap to the abutment and ensure completely seating on the abutment.









Select an appropriate size of tray. Avoid the contact of tray and impression cap. Shorten the impression cap if necessary. Use a self-curing acrylic resin to create an extension on the impression cap. Make a notch on the flat surface on impression cap as a reference for position.

Shorten impression cap with an acrylic resin extension, occlusal view.

Load the impression material (polyvinyl siloxane, PVS). Inject additional impression material direct onto the impression cap and make an impression as conventional procedure. Additional material may be needed on the tray if there is an additional space above the occlusal plane due to the height of impression cap.

Remove the impression after material polymerizes. Exam any defect on the impression.















Paint a layer of separating material (Vaseline) on the impression material around the analog. Use a low viscosity PVS impression material to fabricate the soft tissue replica around the implant.

Insert the correct size of implant analog

into the impression cap inside the

impression.

Pour the impression with a type 4 low expansion dental stone (SilkyRock; WhipMix). Mount the opposing cast and make a restoration as conventional technique; however, the all-ceramic material is recommended.



For multiple implants, make an alginate impression as a reference of the implant orientation and place the cast on a surveyor to check the parallelism. If the path of insertion is allowed for one unit restoration, the impression cap may be joined together before impression.

Use a diamond bur as a connecting tool. Create several notches on the flat end of the bur. Use a low expansion acrylic resin (Pattern resin or Duralay) to connect the impression caps before impression.

Make impression soft tissue replica as mentioned above.

Pour up with a Type 4 low expansion dental stone. After stone sets, remove the impression and mount with an opposing cast before sending to the lab for the definitive restoration.

